

# POE201 Power Supply/Charger Board

## **Overview:**

Altronix POE201 provides 120W for NetWay Spectrum switches with 1Gb SFP ports. It converts 115VAC, 60Hz or 230VAC, 50Hz input into a 56VDC at 2.2A of continuous supply current (see specifications). It also features a built-in charger for sealed lead acid or gel type batteries.

**Specifications:** 

# Input:

• 115VAC, 60Hz, 2.5A or 230VAC, 50Hz, 1.3A.

## Output:

- 56VDC/120W output.
- 2.2A continuous supply current.
- Filtered and electronically regulated output.
- Short circuit and thermal overload protection.

# **Battery Backup:**

- Built-in charger for sealed lead acid or gel type batteries.
- Battery charging circuit: 48VDC, 300mA.
- Automatic switch over to stand-by battery when AC fails.

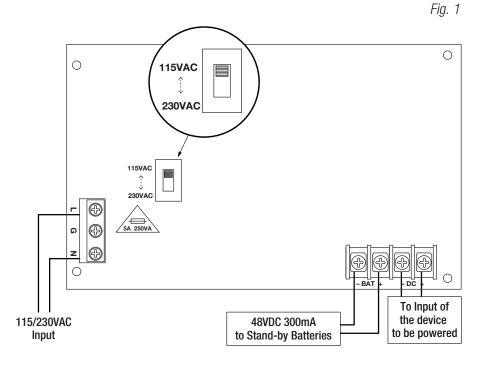
#### Features:

- Input voltage selection switch.
- Includes battery leads.

# **Board Dimensions** (L x W x H approx.):

7" x 4" x 1.375"

(177.8mm x 101.6mm x 34.9mm).



## **Installation Instructions:**

POE201 should be installed in accordance with The National Electrical Code and all applicable Local Regulations.

- 1. Mount POE201 in the desired location/enclosure (mounting hardware included).
  - Pay attention to correct positioning of the board, depending on Altronix product being serviced. Mounting hardware included.
- 2. Set POE201 to the proper AC input voltage via input voltage switch (Fig. 1).
- 3. Connect AC power from overcurrent protective device circuit breaker (20A @ 115VAC, 60Hz, 16A @ 230VAC, 50/60Hz) to the terminals marked [L, N] on power supply board (Fig. 1). Use 14AWG or larger for all power connections (Battery, DC output, AC input).

Keep power-limited wiring separate from non power-limited wiring (115VAC/230VAC 50/60Hz Input, Battery Wires). Minimum 0.25" spacing must be provided.

CAUTION: Do not touch exposed metal parts. Shut branch circuit power before installing or servicing equipment. There are no user serviceable parts on unit. Refer installation and servicing to qualified service personnel.

- 4. Measure output voltage before connecting devices. This helps avoiding potential damage.
- 5. Connect devices to be powered to the terminals marked [- DC +].
- 6. When the use of stand-by batteries is desired, they must be lead acid or gel type.

  Connect four (4) 12VDC batteries wired in series to terminals marked [– BAT +] (Fig. 1), carefully observing polarity (battery leads are included).
- 7. When batteries are not used, a loss of AC will result in the loss of output voltage.

### **Terminal Identification:**

Terminal Legend	Function/Description
L, G, N	Connect 115VAC/230VAC to these terminals: L to Hot, N to Neutral.
- DC +	56VDC @ 2.2A continuous supply current.
- BAT +	Stand-by battery connections. Maximum charge rate 0.3A.

